The Organizational Practice Evolution of Supervised Injection Services as a Health Care Strategy at the Dr. Peter Centre: A Practice Case Study

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ISSUE

The importance of integrating health care and harm reduction services, including supervised injection services (SIS), for persons who use illicit drugs has been recognized for over 20 years in Europe and is becoming increasingly well recognized in Canada. Despite this, there are few documented accounts of the organizational practice evolution with SIS at integrated health care facilities.



DESCRIPTION

Since 2002, the Dr. Peter Centre (DPC) has integrated SIS within a broad range of health care services for people living with HIV in Day Health Program and its 24-hour Licensed Care Residence. In that time, our organizational understanding of how to support this practice at an organizational level has evolved.

PRACTICE EVOLUTION FROM 2002 TO 2017

- Drug and drug pattern use
- Reduction in overdose death
- Harm reduction teaching
- Health teaching, including triggers
- Safer use involvement of full clinical team and inclusion in centre community

NOTABLE LOCATIONS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD

- St. Paul's Hospital
- Nelson Park
- Elementary school
- Children's daycare
- High end condominiums
- Davie Street business district

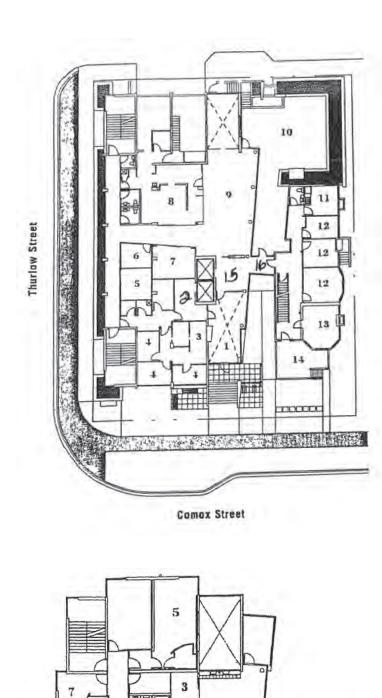


FLOOR PLANS OF THE DR. PETER CENTRE

- Identification and focus on issues of drug use (e.g., pain management, diversion)
- Documented health care intervention
- Entry point for engagement in health care

LESSONS LEARNED

Since 2002, our organization has learned that there are multiple challenges to providing safe and effective care to a population that is at various stages of addiction and active drug use which include: physiological factors, such as managing and monitoring effects of combinations of medications and street drugs, and understanding the incidence and implications of co-infections, as well as psychosocial factors such as grief, loss, poverty, and trauma. We have found that the organization's task is to foster an effective team that engages the client through acceptance and respect for self-determination. Our organization has found practice success by supporting the team by promoting self-awareness of personal values, providing opportunities for working through ethical and practice dilemmas, and acknowledging the team successes.



Comox Street

ADMINISTRATION/DAY HEALTH PROGRAM: MAIN FLOOR

NEW BUILDING

1. Main Entrance

Reception Desk

6. Counselling Room

Participant Lockers

Quiet Room

Offices

8. Kitchen

10. Terrace

9. Café

- 2. Residence Lobby
 - 13. Boardroom
 - 14. Front Porch

12. Offices

15. Entrance Day Program

11. Staff/Volunteer Lounge

HERITAGE HOUSE

16. Walkway to Main Floor of Heritage House

DAY HEALTH PROGRAM: SECOND FLOOR

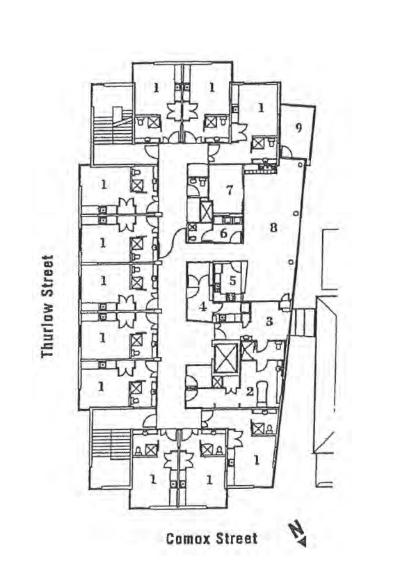
- **NEW BUILDING**
- 1. Living Room
- 2. Participant Computers
- Library
- Showers/Bath Music Studio
- Fitness Room
- 8. Therapies Office
- Counselling
- 10. Group Meeting 11. Art Studio 12. Participant Laundry 13. TV Room HERITAGE HOUSE 14. Nursing Clinic/SIS 15. Nap Rooms

9. Complementary Therapies



RECOMMENDATION

Organizations that have integrated SIS within other health care services over multiple years should document their organizational practice evolution with SIS over time. Doing so will assist the practice development of organizations that are beginning to integrate SIS within their suite of health care services.



The room in the day health program where injections are supervised.

RESIDENCE: THIRD AND FOURTH FLOOR

- 1. Studio Suites (22)
- Therapy Tub/Spa
- Short Stay Room (2)
- Nursing Office
- 5. Kitchen/Servery
- Laundry
- Library/Computer
 - 8. Living/Dining
- 9. Balcony



We have no conflicts of interest to declare.

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